

SERUM

Next generation of Exosome isolation for biomarker discovery in liquid biopsy

EXOSOME PURIFICATION KIT FOR SERUM

USER GUIDE

STORAGE

All components can be stored at room temperature.

PRODUCT COMPONENT

EXOGAG - Serum[™] isolation kit 50ml (50-25 samples). 1 x User guide. Not supplied: 1.5ml microcentrifuge collection tubes.

EXOGAG - SERUM is a specific, quick and inexpensive method to optimize the process of exosome isolation.

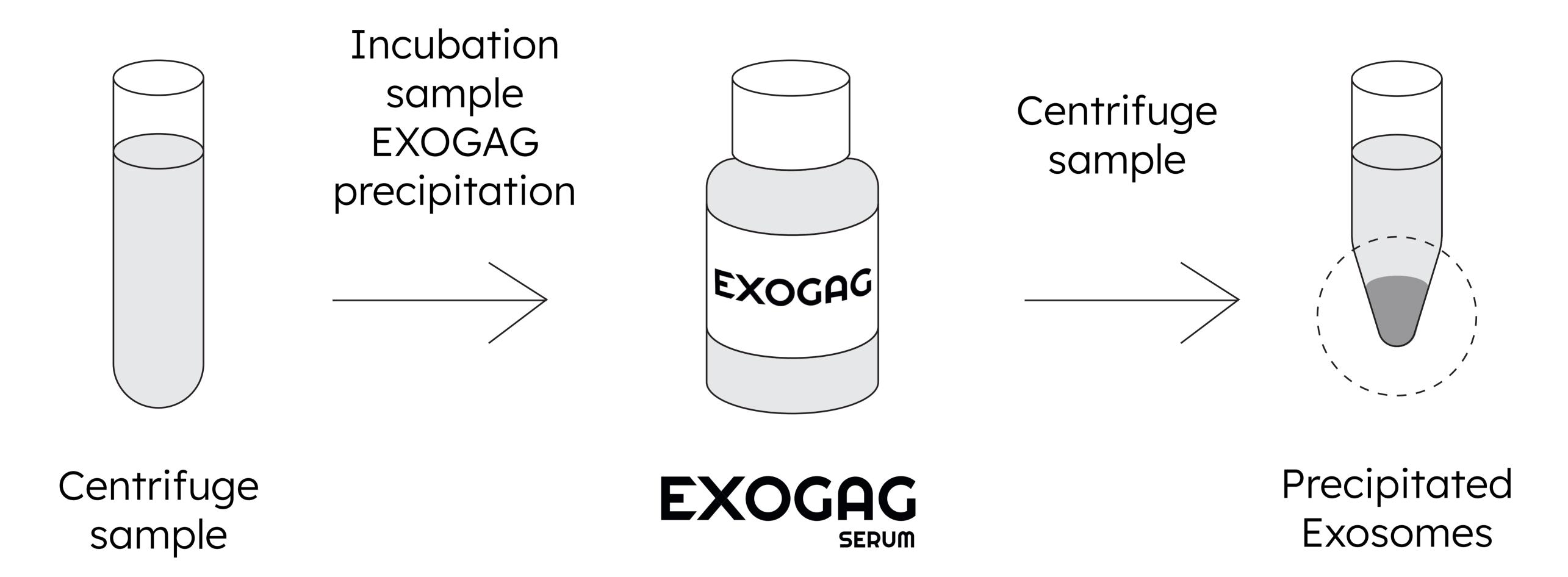
PRODUCT INFORMATION

The EXOGAG - Serum precipitation reaction is based on the interaction between the precipitation solution and glycosaminoglycans exosomes surface. After a simple incubation, the exosomes can be isolated by a short centrifugation.

EXOGAG - Serum technology allows the isolation of exosomes from serum based on the affinity of exosomes to the precipitation reagent, which allows their isolation from a complex sample. EXOGAG - Serum is a patented exosome purification method that allows the isolation of exosomes from a serum sample with a minimal amount of co-precipitated material, such as protein or genetic material (DNA, RNA or microRNA) which makes it an ideal product for biomarkers research and their transfer to the clinic.

High sensibility and specificity Fast	Inexpensive	Small sample needed	No specific equipment needed
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SAMPLE	SAMPLE, vol.	EXOGAG - SERUM, vol.
Serum	500µl	1ml
Serum	1ml	2ml



EXOGAG - Serum Exosomes Isolation Protocol.

1. Collect serum sample. Samples can be frozen until the moment they are used; if the samples have been frozen, thaw and temper them before processing.

- **2. Centrifuge the sample** at 2000 x g for 5' to remove cells and cell debris.
- **3. Transfer the supernatant** to a new tube and discard the pellet of possible cell debris.

4. Add the volume of sample to isolate exosomes to a new tube and add twice the volume of EXOGAG - Serum precipitation reagent, as shown in the table.

5. Mix the sample and EXOGAG - Serum precipitation reagent by inverting the tube or vortexing to homogenize the final solution (the solution will have a characteristic blue colour).

- **6. Incubate the sample** for 5' at 4°C.
- **7. Centrifuge the sample** at 3000 x g; 15' at 4°C.
- 8. Remove the supernatant being careful not to remove the pellet containing the exosomes (this pellet will be dark blue).
- 9. Resuspend the exosomes in the appropriate buffer (repeatedly pipetting up and down), depending on the technique.

